



### **Press Release**

Staple fiber plant is set to help a sustainable leader take global recycling to the next level

## Gama Recycle goes even greener with Oerlikon Neumag

Neumünster, Gaziantep, July 16<sup>th</sup>, 2020 – Business growth and environmentalism rarely go hand in hand. For some, the two ideas are diametrically opposed, forcing companies to take an either or approach. One of the global recycling pioneers Gama Recycle, however, has spent the last two decades spinning other people's waste material into a new kind of gold – regenerated yarns and fibers. We had the opportunity to discuss with Zafer Kaplan, founder of Gama Recycle, the current state-of-the-art in recycling and catch a glimpse of how the company is planning to ramp up production with an upcoming stable fiber plant from Oerlikon Neumag.

As one of the largest producers of regenerated yarn and fibers, you both recycle textiles and use R-PET bottle flakes in production. How did this develop, and why did you commit yourself to recycling?

We have been in business since 1997. From the very beginning, we produced recycled items. We gained a reputation for recycling textiles, as well as some plastics, so five years ago we even changed our name to Gama Recycle. To be honest, it was both environmentally and financially relevant at the time. There was a huge amount of plastic and textiles waiting to be reused. One of the most complicated aspects, though, was actually collecting all the materials.

### What special considerations are required to produce regenerated yarns and fibers?

In the beginning, producing regenerated fibers and yarns was not a high priority for most people. Most countries and companies were not particularly sensitive to environmental issues. A lot of the cutting waste from the garment or textile industry was simply thrown away as trash or sent to be incinerated. It was not valuable for them to actually take care of these leftover materials.

As a result, we developed some ideas to turn these 'unusable' materials into regenerated fiber and yarn for several industrial use cases. We already have 18 patents for recycled products, machines, and equipment, with 10 more currently under review. Today, most garment manufacturers have started to sort and sell their leftover cutting materials, instead of simply throwing them into the garbage. This is a huge improvement, because there were also only a few machine manufacturers on the mar-

ket when we started recycling textiles, and most of the time we had to convert or modify our machines



to make it suitable for recycling processes. Today, a lot of companies are focusing on recycling machines, and this has helped encourage a lot of growth in the whole industry as well.

### What do you recycle, and which polymers are these materials made of?

We recycle pre-consumer cutting or industrial waste as well as postconsumer garments, PET bottles, PET trays, and other PET-based packaging materials or consumer products. We also have several patents for recycling previously used garments into recycled cotton and polyester fibers.

## In what condition do you purchase your raw materials, and which steps of the process do you handle internally?

Sourcing is the most crucial and complicated part of our work. We purchase waste (our raw materials) from all over the world. We have several standards for raw materials, but unfortunately sometimes this does not match up with the specification of what you actually buy.

## You will also use a staple fiber plant from Oerlikon Neumag in your production. What makes this plant technology so interesting for your process?

Recycled fibers have huge market potential. End-users are looking for environmentally friendly products, but they won't compromise on the quality of the products they buy. This is why we prefer to use the Neumag fiber line. We are able to control the whole process in a very efficient way, with a consistently high quality of fiber as well as less production waste.

# The preparation of recycling materials is a bit more complex. It seems that producing yarn and fiber from recycled materials is really profitable compared to virgin material. Or was your decision motivated more by idealism?

Yes, it is more profitable in most of cases – but also riskier and more complicated as well. You need a lot of know-how and experience, good machinery and equipment; otherwise, it will be a huge loss. While we do run a business, we are of course proud to do our part for sustainability and the environment by extending natural resources for future generations.

For example, we have developed a new patented fiber called CUPROCEL that is made of rPET polymer. Its touch, drape, stretch, recovery, etc., is not comparable to any other synthetic fiber. It is almost like cellulosic fibers such as modal or lyocell. We sell it as a fabric which is created with recycling processes. We even offer to buy cutting waste from our customers, as well as post-consumer garments. That is how we take sustainability into consideration. We believe this will help other people to follow suit.



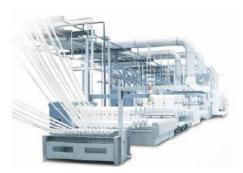
## What are your goals for the next three to five years? And what role does the Oerlikon Neumag plant play in your overall approach?

We will work up to a total of 300 tons of PET flake capacity per day, which will allow us, on a daily basis, to make 200 tons of recycled polyester fibers and 100 tons of PET chips for filament yarn and bottle-to- bottle (food-grade) applications. This is a great opportunity to have the Neumag line. With its impressive technology and capability, we will be able to achieve our goals more easily.

### 5,564 characters including spaces



**Caption:** Zafer Kaplan, founder of Gama Recycle, has been establishing sustainable processes for more than twenty years.



**Caption:** With a staple fiber plant from Oerlikon Neumag, Gama is able to control the whole production process in a very efficient way.

### For further information:

André Wissenberg
Marketing, Corporate Communications
& Public Affairs
Tel. +49 2191 67 2331
Fax +49 2191 67 1313
andre.wissenberg@oerlikon.com



#### **About Oerlikon**

Oerlikon (SIX: OERL) develops modern materials, systems and surface technologies and provides specialized services aimed at securing high-performance products and systems with long lifespans for customers. Supported by its technological core competencies and its strong financial footing, the corporation continues its medium-term growth plan by implementing three strategic factors: focusing on attractive growth markets, ensuring structural growth and expanding through targeted M&A activities. Oerlikon is a globally-leading technology and engineering corporation, operating its business in two segments (Surface Solutions and Manmade Fibers) and employing around 11,100 members of staff at 182 sites in 37 countries worldwide. In 2019, Oerlikon generated sales of CHF 2.6 billion and invested more than CHF 120 million in research & development.

For further information: www.oerlikon.com

### **About the Oerlikon Manmade Fibers segment**

With its Oerlikon Barmag, Oerlikon Neumag and Oerlikon Nonwoven brands, the Oerlikon Manmade Fibers segment is one of the leading provider of manmade fiber filament spinning systems, texturing machines, BCF systems, staple fiber systems and solutions for the production of nonwovens and – as a service provider – offers engineering solutions for the entire textile value added chain.

As a future oriented company, the research and development at this division of the Oerlikon Group is driven by energy-efficiency and sustainable technologies (e-save). With its range of polycondensation and extrusion systems and their key components, the company caters to the entire manufacturing process – from the monomer all the way through to the textured yarn. The product portfolio is rounded off with automation and Industrie 4.0 solutions.

The primary markets for the product portfolio of Oerlikon Barmag are in Asia, especially in China, India and Turkey, and – for those of Oerlikon Neumag and Oerlikon Nonwoven – in the USA, Asia, Turkey and Europe. Worldwide, the segment – with just under 3,000 employees – has a presence in 120 countries with production, sales and distribution and service organizations. At the R&D centers in Remscheid, Neumünster (Germany) and Suzhou (China), highly-qualified engineers, technologists and technicians develop innovative and technologically-leading products for tomorrow's world.

For further information: www.oerlikon.com/manmade-fiber